SPEECH BY JEAN YVES LE DRIAN MINISTER FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS AT CONFERENCE BEYOND

BEYOND 1989 IN PRAGUE DEC 6 Part 1

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USPA NEWS -

Mr Jean-Yves Le Drian, French Minister for Europe and Foreign Affairs, attended the conference "Beyond 1989: Hopes & Disillusions after Revolutions" [?]

held in Prague, 6 December 2019, and made a remqkabel speech, that is now published by USPA, in two sections. This is the fort section of the remarks, by the French foreign Affairs Minister addressed at Charles university, Prague, alongside, Mr Thomas Zima Rector of Charles University, and Jerome Heurtaux, Director of the Academy of Sciences, head CEFRES. Here is is te full transcript of the speech. « Dear friends, Thirty years have passed since 1989. A generation, who have gone from euphoria to doubt. I am profoundly European and I must say Europe is what drives my political engagement. I remember the enthusiasm and the jubilation of those days that, in autumn 1989, would change the face of our continent and would move all peoples of Europe, without exception. What strikes me today, as French Minister for Europe and Foreign Affairs, is that as each decade passes, we are less enthusiastic and less united in celebrating the commemorations of 1989. " Jean Yves le Drian stated as an introduction.

"Minister, dear TomáÅ¡, Rector of Charles University, who is hosting us today, Vice-Rector, Director of the Academy of Sciences, CEFRES Director, dear Jerome Heurtaux, Ladies and Gentlemen, Dear friends, Thirty years have passed since 1989. A generation, who have gone from euphoria to doubt. I am profoundly European and I must say Europe is what drives my political engagement. I remember the enthusiasm and the jubilation of those days that, in autumn 1989, would change the face of our continent and would move all peoples of Europe, without exception. What strikes me today, as French Minister for Europe and Foreign Affairs, is that as each decade passes, we are less enthusiastic and less united in celebrating the commemorations of 1989. And this, at a time when there has never been a greater need for a Europe that is strong, free and true to its principles. That is why I wanted to come here to Prague, to Charles University, in the heart of Europe, to reflect with you on the meaning of 1989 and what this year can tell us about who we are today, and on the European ambition that we must continue to pursue. The message I came to share with you today is a message from one European to other Europeans about this most singular year, a message about its hopes and its disillusions, but also a message about the future of the spirit of 1989. The disillusionment that some of you have described today should be of concern to historians and researchers. This is precisely one of the subjects of this conference, held by the French Research Centre in Humanities and Social Sciences in Prague, with the Academy of Sciences and Charles University, which I would like to thank for inviting me to speak before you today. It should be of concern to historians and researchers, and also to all Europeans "" and especially those who have political responsibilities. It forces us to take a look at essential questions such as the many memories of our history, the autonomy and security of Europe and the relation between the sovereignty of States and European sovereignty.

Addressing this disillusion and restoring the thread and energy of our European dream is our shared challenge.

That is why, Ladies and Gentlemen, 23 States, including France, have asked that an Observatory on History Teaching in Europe be created, at the initiative of the French Presidency of the Council of Europe. Taking stock neutrally and factually of school curricula and textbooks, this observatory will promote dialogue on our teachings, prevent racist, xenophobic and anti-Semitic discourse from reemerging, and work to bring peoples closer together. And perhaps we will be able to show that, while respecting our singular histories,

there is also a history that brings us together, the history of our continent and of this European spirit we have inherited and must safeguard.

As the great French historian Marc Bloch once said "the misunderstanding of the present is the inevitable consequence of ignorance of the past". It can also be the consequence of the manipulation of history. One of the European principles is academic freedom and if this freedom is threatened, democracy and peace will be threatened as well. Our political responsibility, however, as against scientific responsibility, is to build, on the basis of your research work, a shared European memory, adhering to two principles. First, strict respect for national memories that should be recognized and heard. Our national narratives are built around selective references to the past. A same date can resonate very differently from one State to another.

THE YEAR 1968 DOES NOT HAVE THE SAME RESONANCE IN FRECHH CZECH AND POLISH MEMORIES

Secondly, saying that does not mean that we support "projects to manipulate history to their own ends". It does not mean that we encourage historical relativism or revisionism. Nor does it mean that we promote a unifying narrative by leaders. It does not mean that we create a single history, but rather develop a "European historical awareness". based on the belief that our national histories must form a basis for a common awareness of what it means to be Europeans, finally united in our diversity.

We should keep these words of Victor Hugo in mind: "Memories are our strength. When night attempts to return, we must light up the great dates, as we would light torches." Commemorating 1989 and reflecting on its promises together "those that have come true and those that have disappointed us "can only strengthen our determination to build a common future in peace and democracy.

If I am here today, it is because I am convinced that the European memory must assent to the polyphony of national memories. I am convinced that we have yet to reconcile ourselves with the diversity of our memories to better understand how this diversity has made Europe what it is.-----

I believe that it is by including all of these voices in the collective narrative that we must build together and by getting them to communicate with one another within this narrative that we will be able to fully understand what 1989 means in the history of Europeans. If I have been stressing this point since the beginning of my speech, it is because we need to understand where we have come from so that together we can decide where we are headed.

That is the meaning of the European project that Jean Monnet thus described: "We are not forming coalitions of States, we are uniting men". He could have added: "free men". Let us not forget that there can be no democracy without a regime that protects rights and liberties and that ensures right over might. Those who equate so-called liberal democracy with the tyranny of minorities, with multiculturalism, and contempt for traditions are not only sophists but are also suffering from amnesia. They forget that it was here in Prague "and in Warsaw and Budapest" that men and women resisted totalitarianism and fought for freedom at the cost of their own lives. To be continue Part 2

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